SENATE BILL 1102

By Bunch

AN ACT to amend Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 16; Title 19; Title 22 and Title 36, Chapter 3, relative to jurisdiction for prosecution of criminal contempt of order of protection.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE:

- SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 36-3-612, is amended by deleting such section in its entirety and by substituting instead the following:
 - (a) A person arrested for the violation of an order of protection issued pursuant to this part or a restraining order or court-approved consent agreement, shall be taken before a magistrate or the general sessions court without unnecessary delay to answer a charge of contempt for violation of the order of protection, restraining order or court-approved consent agreement, and the court shall:
 - (1) Notify the clerk of the general sessions court having jurisdiction in the cause to set a time certain for a hearing on the alleged violation of the order of protection, restraining order or court-approved consent agreement within ten (10) working days after arrest, unless extended by the court on the motion of the arrested person;
 - (2) Set a reasonable bond pending the hearing on the alleged violation of the order of protection, restraining order or court-approved consent agreement; and
 - (3) Notify the person to whom the order of protection, restraining order or court-approved consent agreement was issued to protect and direct the party to show cause why a contempt order should issue.
 - (b) Either the court of general sessions that is in the same jurisdiction as the court that originally issued the order of protection, restraining order, or court-approved

consent agreement, or a court of general sessions in the county where the alleged violation of the order occurred shall have the authority and jurisdiction to conduct the contempt hearing required by subsection (a). The general sessions court conducting the hearing shall have the same authority to punish as contempt a violation of the order of protection, restraining order, or court-approved consent agreement as the court originally issuing the order. If the punishment for a violation of the order of protection, restraining order, or court-approved consent agreement could exceed thirty (30) days incarceration, the defendant shall be entitled to a trial by jury.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007, the public welfare requiring it.

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